

SUBJ Evaluation of Giant Cement's status under the RCRIS Corrective Action

Environmental Indicator Event Codes (CA725 and CA750)

EPA I D Number SCD 003 351 699

FROM Elizabeth Frady

Shelly Sherritt 5 Sheet THRU

Section Manager

Operations Engineering

John Litton
Director TO

Division of Hazardous Waste Bureau of Waste Management

10-25-00

I. PURPOSE OF MEMO

This memo is written to formalize an evaluation of Giant Cement's status in relation to the following corrective action event codes defined in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System (RCRIS)

- 1) Current Human Exposures Under Control (CA725),
- 2) Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control (CA750)

Concurrence by the RCRA Division Director Branch Chief is required prior to entering these event codes into RCRIS Your concurrence with the interpretations provided in the following paragraphs and the subsequent recommendations is satisfied by dating and signing at the appropriate location within Attachments 1 and 2

11. HISTORY OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR EVALUATIONS AT THE FACILITY AND REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

This particular evaluation is the third for Giant Cement The first evaluation (9/30/97) established an "NO" code for CA725 and an "NR" code for CA750 The CA725 code was later changed to a "YE" (9/13/99) based on changes made by the facility in the processing of their Cement Kiln Dust (CKD) as noted in the 9/13/99 memo Frady to File. The purpose of this third evaluation is to update the CA750 status code from "NR," which is no longer a valid code under the new format, to "YE"

III. FACILITY SUMMARY

Giant Cement operates a wet process cement manufacturing facility located approximately one mile north of Harleyville, SC in Dorchester County. The property consists of about 1,385 acres which includes a quarry, buffer zones, the manufacturing facility and raw material/product storage. Giant currently has a RCRA permit for container and tank storage.

IV. CONCLUSION FOR CA725

Based on available information, surface water at Giant Cement does not appear to be impacted. Giant Cement is located in proximity to several surface water areas. These areas are Four Hole Swamp, Huttos Lake, Mill Branch tributary and numerous ponded areas which are temporal or seasonal. Site drainage is controlled by means of numerous catch basins, drainage culverts and diversion ditches. The NPDES permitted discharge is to Four Hole Swamp. All analytical data in possession of the Department at this time from the NPDES information to monitoring station analysis associated with Four Hole Swamp does not indicate a surface water impact.

Soils at Giant Cement could be impacted from the site SWMUs (Solid Waste Management Units) Little nalytical information exists for these units but will be provided in the future through RFI and Confirmatory Sampling activities. There are many areas at Giant at which hazardous waste is or was handled by the facility. Hazardous materials associated with the SWMUs at the facility include cement kiln dust (CKD), refractory brick, potliners, etc. Constituents of concern are metals and organics.

Human exposure to groundwater is unlikely Giant continually dewaters a quarry so that the surficial and Floridan aquifers do not discharge into the quarry Based on available information, groundwater at Giant does not appear to be impacted

It is recommended that a status code of "YE" be entered for CA725

V. CONCLUSION FOR CA750

Limited data is available regarding the quality of groundwater underlying the Giant Cement facility. Fourteen piezometers were installed into the Floridan aquifer to monitor groundwater elevation for the effects of dewatering due to mining activities. Three wells have been screened in the Black Mingo aquifer and groundwater samples from these wells have been analyzed for volatile organic compounds (VOCs). No VOCs were detected in these wells.

In accordance with Industrial Waste Permit IWP-244, Giant has installed four groundwater monitoring wells in the surficial aquifer to monitor groundwater quality at the 12-acre Industrial Landfill Facility—The 12-acre landfill is located northwest of State Highway 453 and is therefore removed from the plant operations—To the Department's knowledge, no waste has been placed in the landfill—At this time, groundwater does not appear to be adversely impacted at the 12-acre landfill

Based on the data available at this time, a status code "YE" is recommended for CA750

VI. SUMMARY OF FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS

A Confirmatory Sampling plan has been submitted by Giant and reviewed and commented on by the Department Likewise, an RFI Work Plan has been submitted by the

facility and will be commented on by the Department Data supplied by these investigations will provide more detailed and accurate information about potential contamination at the site

Attachments 1 CA725 Current Human Exposures Under Control

2 CA750 Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control

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Current Human Exposures Under Control Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS Event Code (CA725)

ATTACHMENT 1

DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION RCRA Corrective Action

Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS Code (CA725) Current Human Exposures Under Control

Facility	Name:	Giant Cement Company
Facility	Adaress:	Highway SC 453 North and I-26
Facility	EPA ID #:	SCD 003 351 699
l	groundwater,	ble relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to soil, surface water/sediments, and air, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste Units (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been considered in ination?
	<u>x</u>	If yes - check here and continue with #2 below,
		If no - re-evaluate existing data, or
		If data are not available skip to #6 and enter"IN" (more information needed) status code
n a cerco	TRATING	

BACKGROUND

Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future

Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide))

Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors)

Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information)

Are groundwater, soil, surface water, sediments, or air media known or reasonably suspected to be "contaminated" above appropriately protective risk-based levels (applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action (from SWMUs, RUs or AOCs)"

Media	Yes	No	?	Rationale/Key Contaminants
Groundwater		X.		
Air (indoors) ²		X		
Surface Soil (e g, <2 ft)		Υ		
Surface Water		x		
Sediment		x		
Subsurface Soil (e g, >2 ft)		х		
Air (outdoors)		X		

	If no (for all media) - skip to #6, and enter "YE," status code after providing or citing appropriate "levels," and referencing sufficient supporting documentation demonstrating that these "levels" are not exceeded
	If yes (for any media) - continue after identifying key contaminants in each "contaminated" medium, citing appropriate "levels" (or provide an explanation for the determination that the medium could pose an unacceptable risk), and referencing supporting documentation
	If unknown (for any media) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code

[&]quot;Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range)

Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile contaminants than previously believed. This is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks

Current Human Exposures Under Control Interum Final 2/5/99 Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS Event Code (CA725) Rationale and Reference(s)

Are there **complete pathways** between "contamination" and human receptors such that exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions?

Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table
Potential Human Receptors (Under Current Conditions)

"Contami- nated" Media	Residents	Workers	Day- Care	Construction	Trespassers	Recreation	Food ³
Groundwater	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No
Air (indoors)	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No
Soil (surface, e g, <2 ft)	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No
Surface Water	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No
Sediment	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No
Soil (subsurface, e g, >2 ft)	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No
Air (outdoors)	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No

Instructions for Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table

- 1 For Media which are not "contaminated" as identified in #2, please strike-out specific Media, including Human Receptors' spaces, or enter "N/C" for not contaminated
- 2 Enter "yes" or "no" for potential "completeness" under each "Contaminated" Media -- Human Receptor combination (Pathway)

Note In order to focus the evaluation to the most probable combinations some potential "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combinations (Pathways) do not have assigned spaces in the above table While these combinations may not be probable in most situations they may be possible in some settings and should be added as necessary

 If no (pathways are not complete for any contaminated media-receptor combination) - skip to #6, and enter "YE" status code, after explaining and/or referencing condition(s) in-place, whether natural or man-made, preventing a complete exposure pathway from each contaminated medium (e g , use optional $\underline{Pathway}$ $\underline{Evaluation}$ \underline{Work} \underline{Sheet} to analyze major pathways)
 If yes (pathways are complete for any "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor

Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

Current Human Exposures Under Control Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS Event Code (CA725) combination) - continue after providing supporting explanation

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	If unknown (for any "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combination) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code
Rationale and	Reference(s)

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4	Environmental indicator (E1) ACRIS Event Code (C4/25)
4	Can the exposures from any of the complete pathways identified in #3 be reasonably expected to be
	"significant" (1 e, potentially "unacceptable" because exposures can be reasonably expected to be 1)
	greater in magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the acceptable
	"levels" (used to identify the "contamination"), or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude (perhaps even
	tevers (used to identify the contamination), of 2) the combination of exposure magnitude (pernaps even
	though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the acceptable "levels")
	could result in greater than acceptable risks)?
	If no (exposures can not be reasonably expected to be significant (1 e, potentially
	"unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "YE" status code
	after explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of
	the complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be
	"significant"
	significant
	If yes (exposures could be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially
	"unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - continue after providing a description
	(of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure pathway) and explaining and/or referencing
	(or each potentially anaecephanic exposure pairway) and explaining and or referencing
	documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the remaining complete pathways)
	to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant"
	If unknown (for any complete pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code
	If diknown (for any complete padiway) - skip to #0 and enter 11 status code
	Rationale and Reference(s)
	777
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5	Can the "significant" exposures (identified in #4) be shown to be within acceptable limits?
,	can de significant exposures (identified in #4) be shown to be within acceptable infints?
	If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits) - continue
	and enter "YE" after summarizing and referencing documentation justifying why all
	"significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., a site-specific
	significant exposures to contamination are within acceptable filmits (e.g., a site-specific
	4 754
	If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i e, potentially

If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i.e., potentially unacceptable") consult a human health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience

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Human Health Risk Assessment)

	If no (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable")-continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure
	If unknown (for any potentially "unacceptable" exposure) - continue and enter "IN" status code
Rationale and	ł Reference(s)

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ó	Check the appropriate RCRIS status codes for the Current Human Exposures Under Control EI event code (CA725), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) signature and date on the EI determination below (and attach appropriate supporting
	documentation as well as a map of the facility)
	X YE - Yes, "Current Human Exposures Under Control" has been verified Based on a review of the information contained in this EI Determination, "Current Human Exposures" are expected to be "Under Control" at the Giant Cement facility, EPA ID # SCD 003 351 699, located at Highway SC 453 and I-26 under current and reasonably expected conditions. This determination will be re-evaluated when the Agency/State becomes aware of significant changes at the facility.
	NO - "Current Human Exposures" are NOT "Under Control"
	IN - More information is needed to make a determination
	Completed by (signature) M. Inches frody Date 9/28/00 (print) M. El. achter frody (title) Project Manager Supervisor (signature) Michelle Stages of Date 10-23-00 5 (print) Michelle Stages of S
	Locations where References may be found
	<u>SCDHFC</u>
	8901 Farrow Road
	Stern Building
	Columbia, SC 29203

FINAL NOTE. THE HUMAN EXPOSURES EI IS A QUALITATIVE SCREENING OF EXPOSURES AND THE DETERMINATIONS WITHIN THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD NOT BE USED AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR RESTRICTING THE SCOPE OF MORE DETAILED (E.G., SITE-SPECIFIC) ASSESSMENTS OF RISK

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Current Human Exposures Under Control Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS Event Code (CA725)

Contact telephone and e-mail numbers

(name)_E	lızabeth Frady	
(phone #)	803-896-4078	
(e-mail)	fradyme@columb34 dhec state sc us	

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RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS Event Code (CA750) ATTACHMENT 2

DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION RCRA Corrective Action

Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS Event Code (CA750) Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control

Facility	Name:	Giant Cement Company
Facility	Address:	Highway SC 453 North and I-26
Facility	EPA ID#.	SCD 003 351 699
1	Has all avaireleases to the Waste Man (AOC), be	Ilable relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected the groundwater media, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid agement Units (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concernence considered in this EI determination? If yes - check here and continue with #2 below, If no - re-evaluate existing data, or If data are not available, skip to #8 and enter"IN" (more information needed)
		status code

BACKGROUND

Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future

Definition of "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI

A positive "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that the migration of "contaminated" groundwater has stabilized, and that monitoring will be conducted to confirm that contaminated groundwater remains within the original "area of contaminated groundwater" (for all groundwater "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide))

Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA) The "Migration of Contaminated

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RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS Event Code (CA750)

Groundwater Under Control" EI pertains ONLY to the physical migration (i.e., further spread) of contaminated ground water and contaminants within groundwater (e.g., non-aqueous phase liquids or NAPLs). Achieving this EI does not substitute for achieving other stabilization or final remedy requirements and expectations associated with sources of contamination and the need to restore, wherever practicable, contaminated groundwater to be suitable for its designated current and future uses

Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i e, RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information)

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Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS Event Code (CA750)

"le	groundwater known or reasonably suspected to be "contaminated" above appropriately protective wels" (i.e., applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards—guidelines—guidance criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action, anywhere at, or from, the facility?
	If yes - continue after identifying key contaminants, citing appropriate "levels," and referencing supporting documentation
	X If no - skip to #8 and enter "YE" status code, after citing appropriate "levels," and referencing supporting documentation to demonstrate that groundwater is not "contaminated"
	If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code
Ra	tionale and Reference(s)
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[&]quot;Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriate "levels" (appropriate for the protection of the groundwater resource and its beneficial uses)

RCRA Corrective Action Interin Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS Event Code (CA750)

	Has the migration of contaminated groundwater stabilized such that contaminated groundwater is expecte to remain within "existing area of contaminated groundwater" as defined by the monitoring locations designated at the time of this determination?	d
	If yes - continue, after presenting or referencing the physical evidence (e.g., groundwater sampling/measurement/migration barrier data) and rationale why contaminated groundwater is expected to remain within the (horizontal or vertical) dimensions of the "existing area of groundwater contamination")	
	If no (contaminated groundwater is observed or expected to migrate beyond the designated locations defining the "existing area of groundwater contamination") - skip to #8 and enter "NO" status code, after providing an explanation	
	If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code	
	Rationale and Reference(s)	
		-
		-
		-
		-
		-
		-
		-
		•
_	"existing area of contaminated groundwater" is an area (with horizontal and vertical dimensions) that has been verifiably demonstrated to contain all relevant groundwater contamination for this determination, and is defined by designated (monitoring) locations proximate to the outer	
	perimeter of "contamination" that can and will be sampled/tested in the future to physically verify that all "contaminated" groundwater remains within this area, and that the further migration of "contaminated" groundwater is not occurring. Reasonable allowances in the proximity of the monitoring locations are permissible to incorporate formal remedy decisions (i.e., including public participation) allowing a limited area for natural attenuation.	;

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If no - sk.p to #7 (and enter a "YE" status code in #8, if #7 = yes) after providing a explanation and/or referencing documentation supporting that groundwater "contar does not enter surface water bodies If unknown - skip to #8 and enter IN status code Rationale and Reference(s)	tamina
Rationale and Reference(s)	
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RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS Event Code (CA750) Is the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water likely to be "ins

maxımu appropri discharg	m concentration of each contaminant discharging into surface water is less than 10 times their late groundwater "level," and there are no other conditions (e.g., the nature and number of ging contaminants, or environmental setting) which significantly increase the potential for table impacts to surface water, sediments, or eco-systems at these concentrations)?
_	If yes - skip to #7 (and enter "YE" status code in #8 if #7 = yes), after documenting 1) the maximum known or reasonably suspected concentration of key contaminants discharged above their groundwater "level," the value of the appropriate "level(s)," and if there is evidence that the concentrations are increasing, and 2) providing a statement of professional judgement/explanation (or reference documentation) supporting that the discharge of groundwater contaminants into the surface water is not anticipated to have unacceptable impacts to the receiving surface water, sediments, or eco-system
	If no - (the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water is potentially significant) - continue after documenting 1) the maximum known or reasonably suspected concentration of each contaminant discharged above its groundwater "level," the value of the appropriate "level(s)," and if there is evidence that the concentrations are increasing, and 2) for any contaminants discharging into surface water in concentrations greater than 100 times their appropriate groundwater "levels," providing the estimated total amount (mass in kg/yr) of each of these contaminants that are being discharged (loaded) into the surface water body (at the time of the determination), and identifying if there is evidence that the amount of discharging contaminants is increasing
	If unknown - enter "IN" status code in #8
Rational	e and Reference(s)

As measured in groundwater prior to entry to the groundwater-surface water/sediment interaction (e g, hyporheic) zone

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Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS Event Code (CA750)

Can the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water be shown to be "currently

accep to con	table" (1 e, not cause impacts to surface water, sediments or eco-systems that should not be allowed itinue until a final remedy decision can be made and implemented ⁹).
	If yes - continue after either 1) identifying the Final Remedy decision incorporating these conditions, or other site-specific criteria (developed for the protection of the site's surface water, sediments, and eco-systems), and referencing supporting documentation demonstrating that these criteria are not exceeded by the discharging groundwater, OR 2) providing or referencing an interim-assessment, ¹⁰ appropriate to the potential for impact, that shows the discharge of groundwater contaminants into the surface water is (in the opinion of a trained specialists, including ecologist) adequately protective of receiving surface water, sediments, and eco-systems, until such time when a full assessment and final remedy decision can be made. Factors which should be considered in the interim-assessment (where appropriate to help identify the impact associated with discharging groundwater) include surface water body size, flow, use/classification/habitats and contaminant loading limits, other sources of surface water/sediment contamination, surface water and sediment sample results and comparisons to available and appropriate surface water and sediment "levels," as well as any other factors, such as effects on ecological receptors (e.g., via bioassays/benthic surveys or site-specific ecological Risk Assessments), that the overseeing regulatory agency would deem appropriate for making the El determination. If no - (the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater can not be shown to be "currently acceptable") - skip to #8 and enter "NO" status code, after documenting the currently unacceptable impacts to the surface water body, sediments, and/or eco-systems
	If unknown - skip to 8 and enter "IN" status code
Ratior	nale and Reference(s)
9	Note, because areas of inflowing groundwater can be critical habitats (e.g., nurseries or thermal refugia) for many species, appropriate specialist (e.g., ecologist) should be included in management decisions that could eliminate these areas by significantly altering or reversing groundwater flow pathways near surface water bodies
10	The understanding of the impacts of contaminated groundwater discharges into surface water bodies is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration to be reasonably certain that discharges are not causing currently unacceptable impacts to the surface waters, sediments or eco-systems

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RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS Event Code (CA750)

necessary) b	water monitoring / measurement data (and surface water/sediment/ecological data, as e collected in the future to verify that contaminated groundwater has remained within the or vertical, as necessary) dimensions of the "existing area of contaminated groundwater".
	If yes - continue after providing or citing documentation for planned activities or future sampling/measurement events. Specifically identify the well/measurement locations will be tested in the future to verify the expectation (identified in #3) that groundwater contamination will not be migrating horizontally (or vertically, as necessary) beyond the existing area of groundwater contamination.
	If no - enter "NO" status code in #8
	If unknown - enter "IN" status code in #8
Rationale an	d Reference(s)
	7.72 to 10.00 to 10.0

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Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS Ever	nt Code (CA750)
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8	Check the appropriate RCRIS status codes for the Migration of Con- Groundwater Under Control EI (event code CA750), and obtain Sup appropriate Manager) signature and date on the EI determination bel appropriate supporting documentation as well as a map of the facilit	ervisor (or low (attach
	X YE - Yes, "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater U has been verified Based on a review of the information this EI determination, it has been determined that the "Me Contaminated Groundwater" is "Under Control" at the Contaminated Groundwater" is "Under Control" at the Contaminated Feel Been Been Been Been Been Been Been B	contained in figration of Giant Cement ray SC 435 & migration of nonitoring will remains This
expect	NO - Unacceptable migration of contaminated grounds	water is observed or
	IN - More information is needed to make a determinati	on
	(print) M. El. Hold Frady (title) Project Manager Supervisor (signature) Michael Sherritt Date 10 (print) Michael Sherritt	Date 9/28/00
	(title) Manager, Greations Engineering Section	
	ocations where References may be found	
	SCDHEC 8901 Farrow Road	-
	Stern Building Columbia, SC 29203	
	Contact telephone and e-mail numbers	
	(name) <u>Elizabeth Frady</u>	
	(phone #) 803-896-4078 (e-mail) fradyme@columb34 dhec state sc us	
	Page 18 (CA750 - Question 8)	
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